

# IP-based access controls

Why they might not be a good idea

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#### What is an IP-based restriction

- Restricting access to resources **based on client's IP address**
- That's what firewalls do!
- Works well within private networks
- But everything is **in the cloud** nowadays!





#### **Getting people into the IP-restricted space**



#### **Use VPN!**



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#### **Public cloud enters the scene**



#### We still need to know which users are ours!





#### Example 1: CDN



- An on-prem WWW server gets a CDN deployed in front of it
- Users are connecting to **one of the edge servers** all around the world
- The content gets eventually **pulled from the on-prem origin server**
- Some privileged actions are allowed only from the on-prem IP addresses
- But the users are connecting to the CDN edge!
  - Should we **tunnel traffic** to the CDN edge via our VPN?

#### **Cloud is dynamic**



- DNS is a **load-balancing/failover mechanism** for many cloud applications
- DNS response is **generated in real-time** after receiving the query
- IP addresses can change **not only in time** but also based on **who is asking**
- Trying to chase which IP addresses the service uses is a cat-and-mouse game

#### **Cloud is public**



- There is **public Internet** in front of the Cloud
- Anything can happen there
- IP addresses are **neither encrypted nor authenticated**

#### **Possible solution: full-tunnel VPN**



#### Also known as a big trombone

People from distant countries will definitely enjoy the increased latency on everything



#### Proper solution: cryptographic authentication of users



- Let the users log in, preferably using a Single Sign-On
- Get an cryptographic assertion that the user is authenticated
- Use this instead of client's IP address
  - It is much more **stronger and reliable**
  - With cryptographic assertion, you **shouldn't care** about the IP address the client is using



### It can get even worse...

#### Example 2: IP-restricted IPv4-only SaaS in the public cloud



- An application in the public cloud authenticated using SSO
- Yet still set up to only allow access from a **specific on-prem IP address**
- Access from other addresses is **blocked on the Application layer** (403 Forbidden)



#### **Clients connects to a network with NAT64/DNS64**



- DNS64 creates a synthetic IPv6 address for the IPv4-only resource
- Client will prefer IPv6 over IPv4
- IPv6 connection via NAT64 gateway bypasses the VPN
- Happy eyeballs will not help since it is not a transport layer problem





## **Please don't use broken IP-based restrictions**



## Questions, feedback & dialogue

